



**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY  
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**FACULTY OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATICS**

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

<b>QUALIFICATION : BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE</b>	
<b>QUALIFICATION CODE: 08BHIS</b>	<b>LEVEL: 8</b>
<b>COURSE: APPLIED CRYPTOGRAPHY</b>	<b>COURSE CODE: APC811S</b>
<b>DATE: JULY 2019</b>	<b>PAPER: THEORY</b>
<b>DURATION: 2 HOURS</b>	<b>MARKS: 70</b>

<b>SECOND OPPORTUNITY/SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER</b>	
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**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 1 PAGE**  
(Excluding this front page)

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Answer **ALL the questions** on the answer scripts.
2. When writing take the following into account: The style should **inform** than impress, it should be **formal**, in third person, paragraphs set out according to ideas or issues and the paragraphs flowing in a **logical** order. Information provided should be **brief** and **accurate**.
3. Number the answers clearly; ensure that your writing is **legible**, **neat** and **presentable**.

**PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS**

1. Calculator.

### Question 1

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- (a) Explain any three **Fiestel cipher** design features. [6]
- (b) Given that a cryptosystem is made up of **E, D, M, K, C** where **M**=Plaintext; **K**= Key(s); **C**=Cipher text; **E**= Encryption and **D** = Decryption. Formulate an equation in terms of **C, K** or **M** to represent
- a. **E.** [3]
- b. **D.** [3]
- (c) Cryptography can be useful towards information protection; under what circumstances would you consider this statement to be true? [4]
- (d) Under timing attacks, DES proves certain strengths. Identify and explain any two such strengths. [4]

### Question 2

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- (a) **Alice** and **Bob** decides to use the **Diffie-Hellman** key exchange technique with a common prime  $q=47$  and a primitive root  $\alpha = 7$ .
- (i) If **Alice** has a private key  $X_{\text{Alice}}= 5$ , what is **Alice's** public key  $Y_{\text{Alice}}$ ? [3]
- (ii) If **Bob** has private key  $X_{\text{Bob}} =12$ , what is **Bob's** public key  $Y_{\text{Bob}}$ ? [3]
- (iii) What is the shared secret key between **Alice** and **Bob**? [5]
- (b) **Anna** wants to send a message **P** with a digital signature **kP** to **Peter**. **Anna** and **Peter** have an authentic copy of each other's public keys, and have agreed on using a specific hash function **h**.
- (i). Outline the steps that **Anna** must follow when signing **P**. [4]
- (ii). What steps must **Peter** follow upon receipt of **P**, for validating the signature **kP**? [5]

### Question 3

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- (a) Why would you consider a **one-time pad** a perfect encryption scheme? [2]
- (b) Given the communication between **Susan** and **Jay**, such that **Susan** intends to send a message to **Jay** by preserving the message integrity. Outline briefly the cryptographic steps that **Susan** and **Jay** must follow to ensure the integrity of the message by creating and verifying a **MAC**. [6]
- (c) Using brute force attack, decrypt, "**GQ RMBYW RFC BYW MD CVYK.**" [5]
- (d) Explain in detail, how a smart card can protect **PGP** electronic e-mail on a PC running windows against malware. [7]

### Question 4

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- (a) Consider the **RSA** cryptosystem. Show that the cipher texts corresponding to the messages **0, 1** and **n-1** are the messages themselves. [8]
- (b) Give and explain any two real world usages of public key encryption. [2]

\*\*\*\*\*End of Examination Paper\*\*\*\*\*